

Server-side Web Development and Programming

Lecture 1: Course Introduction and Overview

Client-Server Web Architecture

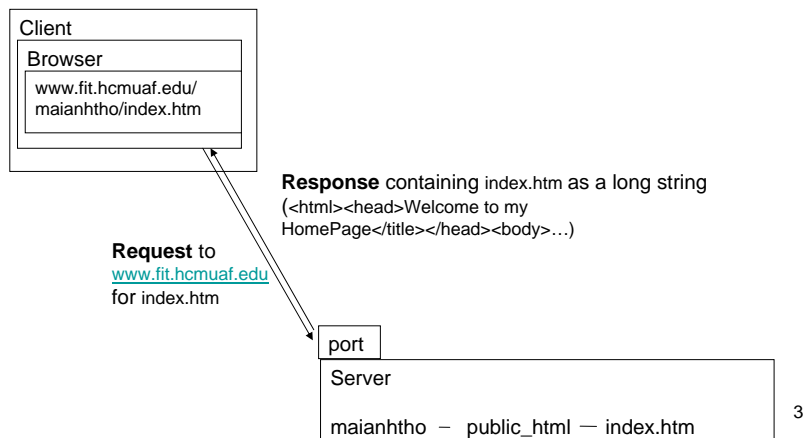
- Client browser sends request for page to server
 - May contain form data and other information
- Server sends response page and sends to client
- May need to generate response page dynamically
 - Form parameters
 - Previous requests (such as items purchased so far)
 - Information in database

Focus of this course

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Client-Server Web Architecture

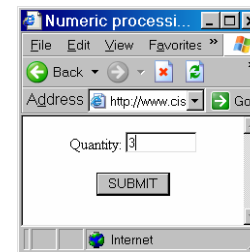
- Client browser sends request for page to server
- Server sends response page and sends to client



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Form Handling

- Form data appended to request string



```
<FORM NAME="purchaseform"
METHOD=GET
ACTION= http://localhost:8080/WidgetSite/receipt.jsp >
Quantity: <INPUT TYPE="text" SIZE="8" NAME="quantity" />
<BR /><BR />
<INPUT TYPE="submit" VALUE="SUBMIT">
</FORM>
```

Generates the request:

<http://localhost:8080/WidgetSite/receipt.jsp?quantity=3>

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Form Handling

Server must:

- Listen on port for requests
- Parse request to determine values of parameters
- Generate appropriate response page based on parameter values
- Send response page back to client

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Course Topics

- Server-side Web Containers
- Java Server Pages
- Web Site Architecture
- Session Handling
- Database Manipulation
- Security

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Web Containers

- Program running continuously on server
- Runs code to handle requests and generate responses
- Handles other important functions:
 - Session tracking
 - Database access
 - Email generation
 - Security and encryption

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Server Pages

- Perl/cgi-bin approach:
Generate response page one character at a time
- Server page approach:
Create html “template” with “spaces” to be filled in

```
<HTML>
<HEAD><TITLE>cgi-bin
response</TITLE></HEAD>
<BODY>
<P>
Thank you for your order of
insert value of quantity here
widgets!
</P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

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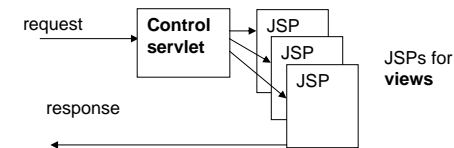
Java Server Pages

```
<HTML>
<HEAD><TITLE>cgi-bin
response</TITLE></HEAD>
<BODY>
<P>
Thank you for your order of
<%= request.getParameter("quantity") %>
widgets!
</P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

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Control-View Architecture

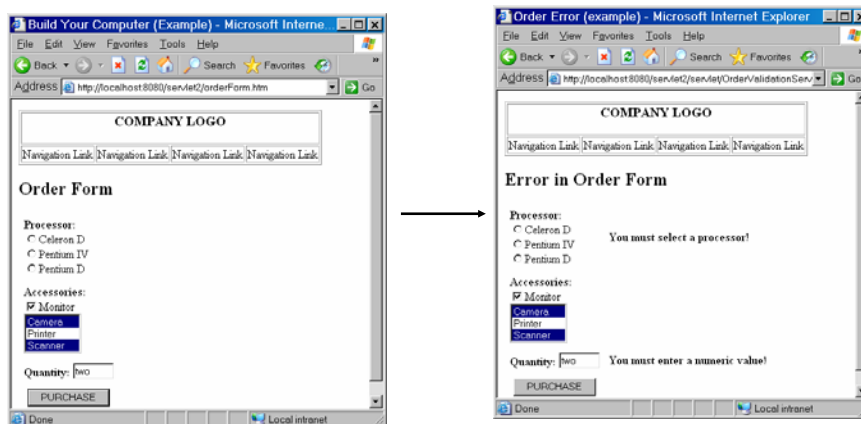
- Different user input might require different response pages
 - Different types of request
 - Errors/missing field values, etc.
- **Servlets:**
Code to determine and redirect to appropriate response JSP



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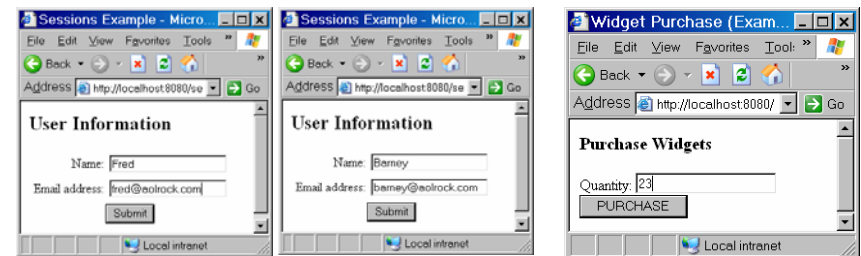
User-friendly Error Handling

- Tell user what went wrong
- Don't force re-entry of information



Session Handling

- Most web transactions are sessions consisting of series of requests and responses
- No easy way to associate steps if multiple clients



Who submitted this request?

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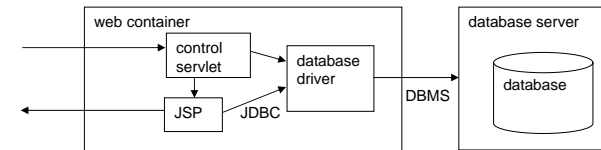
Session Handling

- Assign each new client a unique ID at the start of a session
- Client/server pass that ID back and forth with each request/response
- Data for that client (such as “shopping cart”) associated with ID on server

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Database Manipulation

- Database driver provides access to databases
- JDBC: classes to query/manipulate database
- Efficiency issues
 - Prepared statements
 - Connection pooling



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Web Site Security

- Encryption with SSL/TLS
- Certificates for authenticating servers
- Security roles for authenticating clients

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Tools We will be Using

- Jakarta Tomcat web container
 - Java programming language
 - NetBeans IDE
 - MySQL database server
- All are free downloads (see Chapters 2 and 3)

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Background Knowledge

- Java or C++
 - May want to get Java reference
 - Sun reference page
- Basic html (including forms and tables)
 - May want reference
 - Chapter 4 of text

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Assignments

- Short programming assignments in core areas
 - Java Server Pages
 - Validation/redirection servlets
 - Session handling
- Web Site Project
 - Multi-page web site in area of your choice
 - Includes server pages, servlets, and session handling
 - Should include at least one other advanced capability
 - Database access
 - Security
 - Can be group project

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